## Year 5/6 Autumn SPaG

frequency



		MATON SCHOOL	
Prior Learning			
This unit will build on the knowledge and skills learned in KS1 and lower KS2.			
Prior learning will be knowledge of nouns, adjectives and verbs as well as the basic punctuation.			
Key vocabulary for this unit			
Proper noun		Adverbs	
Common noun		Conjunctions	
Expanded noun phrase		Personal pronouns	
Comma		Possessive pronouns	
Auxiliary Verbs		Subjunctive mood	
Modal Verbs		Suffix	
Semi-colons		Prefix	
Dashes		colons	
Subordinating conjunction	ons		
Learning Sequence			
Noun phrases	To identify an expanded noun phrase within a sentence		
Modal verbs and	To understand what the subjunctive form is and how it can be used within a sentence.		
subjunctive mood	Use modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility.		
Suffixes – nouns and	To make a verb by adding the suffix -ate, -ise or -ify.		
adjectives to verbs		•	
Relative clauses	<ul> <li>Use relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when and that or with an implied relative</li> </ul>		
	pronoun.		
Commas	Use commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity in writing.		
Pronouns and	To identify pronouns and possessive pronouns within a sentence.		
possessive pronouns		•	
Adverbs to show	Identify adverbs to show frequency.		
C			

Prefixes • Create verbs using the prefixes dis	Create verbs using the prefixes dis-, de-, mis-, over- and re		
Colons in lists   • Use colons, semi-colons and dash	Use colons, semi-colons and dashes to mark independent clauses.		
<ul> <li>To use I SAW A WABUB to identify subordinating conjunctions.</li> <li>auses</li> </ul>			
Assessment milestones			
Key Skills:	Key Knowledge:		
<ul><li>To identify noun phrases within a sentence.</li><li>To identify the subjunctive form within a sentence.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>To understand all of the above and be able to identify and use the various grammatical concepts within own writing.</li> </ul>		

- To identify modal verbs. • To identify a relative clause within a sentence.
- To understand the different ways that a comma can be used in a sentence.
- To identify different pronouns.
- To identify adverbs.
- Understand how colons, semi-colons are dashes are used.