## Science – Year 1 – Spring Term



Animals Including Humans (Spring 1)
Seasonal Changes (Spring/Summer) (Spring2)

# Prior Learning

#### EYFS OBJECTIVES COVERED

## Y1 MATERIALS AND SEASONAL CHANGES (AUTUMN/WINTER)

# Key vocabulary for this unit

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ANIMALS INCLUDING HUMANS	SEASONAL CHANGES (SPRING/SUMMER)
Animals –birds, reptiles, mammals, amphibians,	Seasons
fish	Autumn
Observe and identify	Winter
Compare	Spring
Similarities/differences	Summer
Animal groups	Month
Carnivore	Weather
Herbivore	Day length
Omnivore	Night
Human body parts	North/South/East/West
(leg,arm,neck,shoulder,elbow,hand,finger,stomach,	Observe
hip,knee,	Signs of Spring
feet,toe,eyes,ears,nose,mouth,skin,hair,	Summer – hot/heat
tongue,ankle)	Hydrated /de-hydrated

Senses – sight,taste,hearing,touch,smell Diet	
Learning Sequence	
SPRING 1	ANIMALS INCLUDING HUMANS
Observing Animals	<ul> <li>To identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals</li> <li>To identify what groups animals belong to</li> </ul>
Comparing Animals	<ul> <li>To describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals</li> <li>To say how animals are the same/different</li> <li>To name some different animal's features</li> </ul>
Animal Diets	<ul> <li>To identify, name and sort animals that are herbivores, carnivores and omnivores.</li> <li>To explain and identify what different animals eat and why</li> <li>To sort animals into the diet groups they belong to</li> </ul>
The Human Body	To identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body

	To be able to label a diagram to show parts of the body
Senses	<ul> <li>To say which part of the body is associated with each sense</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To name the five senses and to perform simple tests to find out more about them</li> </ul>
Sorting Animals	<ul> <li>To describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals including pets). Identifying and classifying.</li> </ul>
	To sort animals according to a criteria.
SPRING 2	SEASONAL CHANGES (SPRING AND SUMMER)
Winter To Spring	<ul> <li>To observe and describe how day length varies in the context of winter to spring.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>To observe changes across the four seasons by looking at how trees and the clothes that we wear change from winter to spring</li> </ul>
Seasonal Weather (Spring)	To observe and describe weather associated with the seasons by observing the weather in spring.
	<ul> <li>To gather and record data to help in answering questions by recording the weather, temperature, rainfall and wind direction in spring.</li> </ul>

Spring Walk	To observe changes across the four seasons by going on a spring walk and identify signs of spring.
Spring Summer	<ul> <li>To observe and describe how day length varies in the context of spring to summer</li> <li>To observe changes across the four seasons by looking at how trees and the clothes that we wear change from spring to summer</li> </ul>
Seasonal Weather (Summer)  Staying Safe In Summer	<ul> <li>To observe and describe weather associated with the seasons by observing and recording the weather in summer.</li> <li>To gather and record data to help in answering questions by recording the weather, temperature, rainfall and wind direction in summer</li> <li>To observe and describe weather associated with</li> </ul>
Assessment milestones	<ul> <li>To observe and describe weather associated with the seasons in the context of the summer sun</li> <li>To explain how to stay safe in the sun</li> </ul>
Working Scientifically	
Working Scientificany	Knowledge
<ul> <li>To observe and identify animals in the world around them.</li> <li>To sort and classify animals into simple groups.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals.</li> </ul>

- To make careful observations of animals in the same group and use simple features to compare living things (animals)
- To use their senses to carry out simple practical tests, using simple equipment
- To draw simple conclusions and with support, record and communicate their findings in a range of ways.
- To use simple sorting diagrams to sort and classify objects (animals) into simple groups

- To describe and compare the observable features of animals from a range of groups.
- To name and identify animals that are herbivore, carnivore or omnivore.
- To name and locate parts of the human body and begin to make suggestions about what some parts of the body do.
- To name the five senses and the part of the body they are related to.