Maths – Year 2 – Autumn Term Place Value Addition and Subtraction Shape



# Links to other subject units this term

These are stand-alone units and do not link directly to any other units studied this term

# **Prior Learning**

This work has been covered in Year 1:

#### Place Value:

- Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number.
- Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens.
- Given a number, identify one more and one less.
- Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.
- Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words

### **Addition and Subtraction:**

- Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs.
- Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20.
- Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero.
- Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects.

# Shape:

 Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]
 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]

# Key vocabulary for this unit

### Place Value:

least, lesser, fewest, fewer, smallest

most, greater

multiples

before, after

compare, order

more than, the same as, less than, equal to

hundreds, tens, ones

numerals, digit

odd, even

value, place value

partition, recombine

count

### Addition and Subtraction:

add, total, sum, plus, and, altogether subtract, take away, less, minus, difference equals, makes

numberline addition

10s facts

commutativity

connection between

doubles

near doubles

## Shape:

two dimensional (2D)

three dimensional (3D)

flat

solid

corner

vertex, vertices

side

edge

face

curved, straight

round

lone of symmetry

vertical, horizontal

pattern	
Learning Sequence	
Place Value	<ul> <li>Numbers to 20</li> <li>Count objects to 100 by making 10s</li> <li>Recognise tens and ones</li> <li>Use a place value chart</li> <li>Partition numbers to 100</li> <li>Write numbers to 100 in words</li> <li>Flexibly partition numbers to 100</li> <li>Write numbers to 100 in expended form</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>10s on the number line to 100</li> <li>10s and 1s on the number line to 100</li> <li>Estimate numbers on a number line</li> <li>Compare objects</li> <li>Compare numbers</li> <li>Order objects and numbers</li> <li>Count in 2s, 5s and 10s</li> <li>Count in 3s</li> </ul>
Addition and Subtraction	<ul> <li>Bonds to 10</li> <li>Fact families – addition and subtraction bonds within 20</li> <li>Related facts</li> <li>Bonds to 100 (tens)</li> <li>Add and subtract 1s</li> <li>Add by making 10</li> <li>Add three 1-digit numbers</li> <li>Add to the next 10</li> <li>Add across a 10</li> <li>Subtract across 10</li> <li>Subtract from a 10</li> </ul>

	Subtract a 1 digit number from a 2 digit number (across a 10)
	Subtract a 1-digit number from a 2-digit number (across a 10)
	• 10 more, 10 less
	Add and subtract 10s
	Add two 2-digit numbers (not across 10)
	Add two 2-digit numbers (across a 10)
	Subtract two 2-digit numbers (not across a 10)
	Subtract two 2-digit numbers (across a 10)
	Mixed addition and subtraction
	Compare number sentences
	Missing number problems
Shape	Recognise 2-D and 3-D shapes
	Count sides on 2-D shapes
	Count vertices on 2-D shapes
	Draw 2-D shapes
	Lines of symmetry on shapes
	Use lines of symmetry to complete shapes
	Sort 2-D shapes
	Count faces on 3-D shapes
	Count edges on 3-D shapes
	Count vertices on 3-D shapes
	Make patterns with 2-D and 3-D shapes

### Assessment milestones

### Place Value:

- Count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward.
- Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones).
- Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line.
- Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use and = signs.
- Read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words.
- Use place value and number facts to solve problems

#### **Addition and Subtraction:**

- Solve problems with addition and subtraction using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures, applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods
- Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100.
- Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones, a two-digit number and tens, two two-digit numbers, adding three one-digit numbers.
- Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot.
- Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.

### Shape:

- Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line.
- Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces.
- Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid].
- Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects.